STRATEGIC PLAN FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF LAKES AND RESERVOIRS IN MALAYSIA

STATUS REPORT Annual Review Meeting of ILBM – Governance Project for fiscal year 2008 3rd to 8th March 2009 Kusatsu, Japan

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 Colloquium on Management of Lakes and Reservoirs in Malaysia : 2nd to 3rd August 2007
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- 4. ASM/NAHRIM/ILEC Collaboration

1.Study on Eutrophication of Lakes in Malaysia – 2005

IAP Programme on Water initiated in 2004 -ASM is the Malaysian focal point.
Eutrophication of Lakes and Groundwater Management – initial priority focus areas
ASM jointly with NAHRIM initiated a desk study end 2004 on eutrophication of lakes in Malaysia. Desk Study – Eutrophication of Lakes (i) Inventory of lakes and reservoirs in Malaysia

LAKE

a natural, standing, freshwater or saline water body found on the Earth's continental land masses.

<u>RESERVOIR</u>

water bodies with different shapes and sizes that have been constructed by humans by damming a river.





Desk Study – Eutrophication of Lakes (i) Inventory of Lakes and Reservoirs in Malaysia (2)

- Multi-Purpose Functions
- 90 lakes in Malaysia
 - 55 lakes (61%) water supply & irrigation
 - 35 lakes (39%) hydropower, flood control, silt retention & recreational







Desk Study – Eutrophication of Lakes

(ii) Distribution of Lakes and Reservoirs by State in Malaysia

No.	State	Lake	Reservoir
1.	Perak	2	9
2.	Selangor	5	10
3.	Pahang	2	8
4.	Kelantan	-	3
5.	Johor	-	13
6.	Kedah	1	6
7.	Labuan	-	3
8.	Melaka	-	4
9.	Negeri Sembilan	-	5
10.	Pulau Pinang	-	4
11.	Perlis	1	1
12.	Sabah	1	5
13.	Sarawak	2	2
14.	Terengganu	1	1
15.	W.P. Putrajaya	1	-

Desk Study - Eutrophication of Lakes Lake eutrophication is "the nutrient enrichment of lakes." - Largely due to elements like phosphorus and nitrogen -



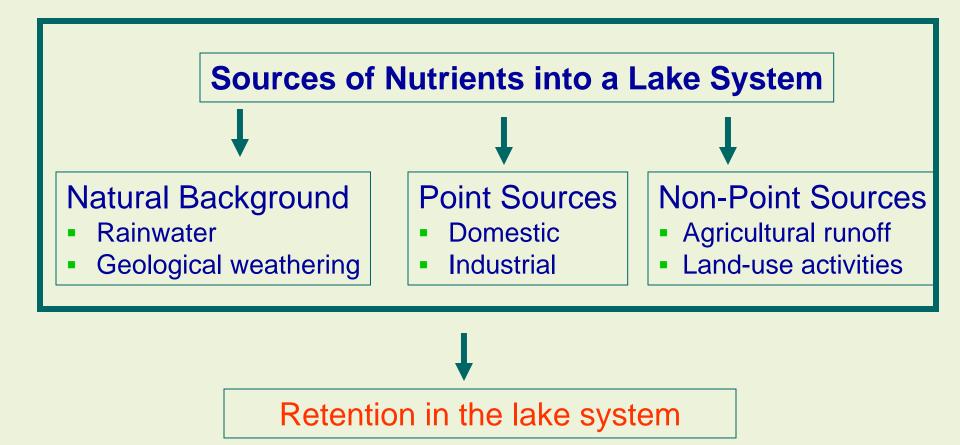








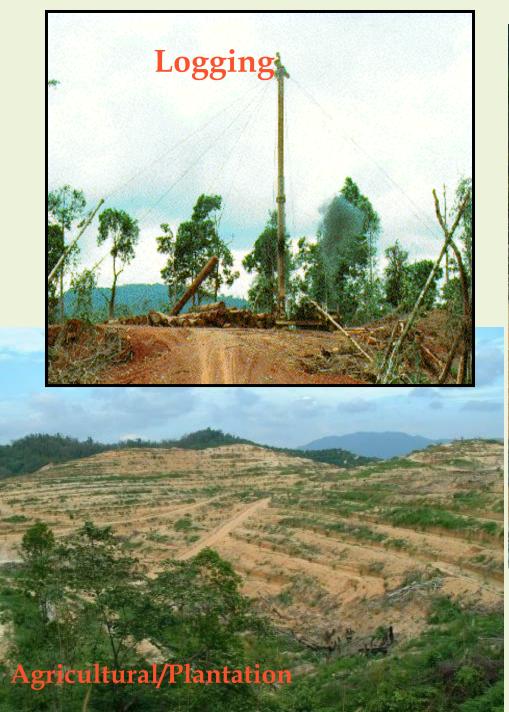
Sources of Nutrients





Erosion from construction sites





Natural landslide

Major contributor to non point source (NPS) pollution

Agricultural Runoff – Cameron Highland

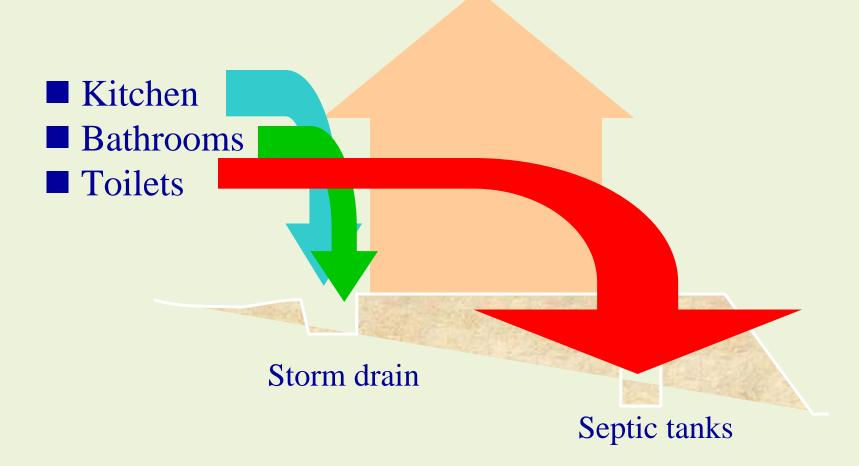








Wastewater from rural and urban building development

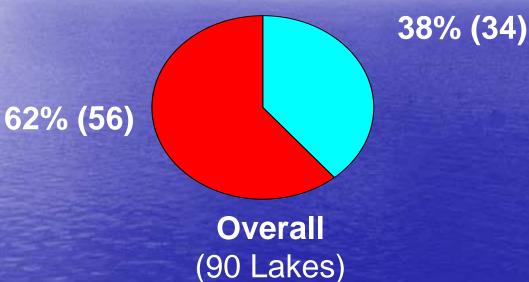


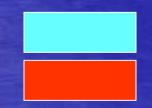
Desk Study – Eutrophication of Lakes (iii) Lake Classification

To reflect overall eutrophication status, the lakes are graded as <u>good</u>, <u>medium</u> or <u>bad</u> based on Vollenweider's (1976) allowable nutrient loadings:

Grading	TSI (Trophic State Index)
Good	< 37.4
Medium	37.4 < TSI < 47.4
Bad	TSI > 47.4

Classification of Lakes Studied





Medium (Mesotrophic) Bad (Eutrophic)

Desk Study – Eutrophication of Lakes (iv) Conclusions and Recommendations

- Eutrophication of lakes has reached levels for serious concern
- Restoration efforts needed for lakes in the BAD category
- Plan needed for lake management and restoration
- Immediate follow-up study needed to confirm TSIs
- More research needed in identified priority areas
- Public awareness and Capacity building

2. Colloquium on Lakes and Reservoirs in Malaysia – 2nd and 3rd August 2007

- MONRE/ASM/NAHRIM sponsored event officially opened by the Rt. Hon. Minister of Natural Resources and Environment, Malaysia
- 120 participants from the public and private sector including NGOs.
- 2 keynote addresses and 2 lead papers by 3 international experts from Japan, Poland and Brazil.
- 8 case studies by lake managers and researchers from Malaysia focusing on lakes in Malaysia used for various purposes

2. Colloquium on Lakes and Reservoirs in Malaysia – 2nd and 3rd August 2007 (Contd.)

 Panel Discussion by 6 nominated Discussants to discuss *The Way Forward* from the following perspectives:

- Governance

- Lake Management
- Research Needs
- Stakeholder Participation
- Capacity Building, and

- Lake Information Management.

2. Colloquium on Lakes and Reservoirs in Malaysia - 2nd and 3rd August 2007 (Contd.)

- Colloquium Highlights and Outcomes
 - Stock-taking with good quality papers from both local and international speakers which would be <u>documented</u> for future reference.
 - Varying standards in lake management largely sectoral
 - Good lessons and new knowledge to be learned from within and from overseas through closer cooperation/collaboration and effective networking especially with regard to the World Lake Vision and ILBM initiatives driven by ILEC
 - Need for a National Plan for Integrated Lake Management building on the momentum provided by the Colloquium.

3. Development of Strategic Plan for Lake and Reservoir Management

- Conceptual Framework Plan using Logical Framework Approach (LFA) format – <u>multi-stakeholder workshop</u> on 15 January 2008
- Six Component Plans consultation workshops on LFA format
 - <u>Governance</u> 19th August 2008
 - <u>Management</u> 8th July 2008

- Research and Development 3rd June 2008
- Capacity Building 4th June 2008
- Information Management system developed at NAHRIM
- Community Stakeholders 2nd December 2008

Synthesis Report and Strategic Plan for Lake and Reservoir Management – currently at Drafting stage

4. ASM/NAHRIM/ILEC Collaboration

- Keynote Speaker at Lake Colloquium (August 2007) Prof. Nakamura
- Malaysian participation at World Lake Conference, Jaipur 2007, roundtable discussion and post-conference study tour facilitated by ILEC
- Participation of ILEC SC members at Management Component Plan LFA Workshop at Putrajaya – 8th July 2008
- Discussion with ILEC SC on candidates for ILBM-G project in Malaysia followed by site visits – July 2008
- ILEC fact finding team visit to 2 selected lake sites (Tasek Cini and Bukit Merah) – December 2008
- Preparatory workshop for selected lake sites June 2009?
- Participation/host ILEC Regional Training Courses

Conceptual Framework Plan 15 January 2008

- <u>Vision and Mission</u>
- <u>Main Issues</u>
- <u>Main Objectives</u>
- Outputs
- <u>Activities</u>

 LFA Matrix – <u>Governance</u>, <u>Management</u>, <u>R&D</u>, <u>Capacity Building</u>, Information Management, <u>Community Stakeholders</u> Conceptual Framework for Lake Management in Malaysia – LFA on 15 January 2008

Vision:

All lakes and reservoirs in Malaysia are managed and conserved on a sustainable basis

Mission:

To advance sound management of lakes and reservoirs in Malaysia

<u>Main Issues</u>

- 1. Lack of a national policy, associated legislation, appropriate action plans and guidelines on lake management and development, with an associated lack of enforcement,
- 2. Unclear roles and responsibilities among agencies currently undertaking different aspects of lakes management, leading to either overlaps or gaps in lake management, and stakeholder conflicts

3. Lack of awareness and commitment from public and politicians in part due to apathy, self-interest, and poor stakeholder participation,



- 3. Lack of relevant research and technical knowledge on lake management, insufficient critical mass of local expertise, and poor information exchange locally and international,
- 4. Poor data management of available data,
- 5. Lack of funds for lake management
- 6. Lack of thorough understanding of lake basin ecosystem

Main Objectives

- 1. In the short term to set up a special national committee on lake management,
- 2. In the long term to develop an integrated national policy on lake basin development and management, with appropriate legislation,
- 3. To establish agency roles and responsibilities for lake development and management, including identification of lake managers, and development of appropriate guidelines for lake management and development,
- 4. To create awareness among the civil society, lake managers and political masters,
- 5. To educate, and train stakeholders and conduct conflict resolution forums,

Main Objectives (2)

- 6. To incorporate water and lake management curricula from primary to universities level,
- 7. To enhance local R & D for lake management and development.
- 8. To create, manage and promote a database system for information and knowledge in a central depository for the management and exchange of information among stakeholders,
- 9. To source and obtain funding allocations for capacity building, research and data management for lake basin development and management.

Outputs

- 1. Formation of different tiers of governance
 - a) a panel/commission at cabinet level,
 - b) a national lake basin management authority/body, incorporating multi-stakeholder participation, and defining roles & responsibilities of different agencies at federal, state & local levels.
 - c) roundtable of experts including researchers & other stakeholders at advisory level
 - d) roundtable of lake managers at operational level
- 2. Policies & legislation in place for lake management and development
- 3. Guidelines on lake management and development including monitoring system.

Outputs (2)

- 4. Formation of a central depository for management of data for depositing and disseminating data/information
- 5. Provision of funds for R & D on lake management and development
- 6. Publications on lake management for awareness raising
- 7. Training modules on lake management & development
- 8. Trained local experts on lake management and development
- 9. Fund allocation for activities leading to the above outputs

Activities

- 1. Identification of agencies/organizations to be responsible for each of the proposed activities
- Formation of various lake management committees & panel through meetings and drawing up of institutional framework
- 3. Formation of a Secretariat (NAHRIM)
- 4. Drawing up of policies & legislation for lake management

Activities (2)

5. Outsourcing to consultants the preparation of guidelines for lake management & development and preparation of training modules 6. Preparation of awareness materials 7. Conducting need surveys 8. Organising of training and awareness programmes to various stakeholders 9. Organising seminars, conferences 10. Identifying and developing research proposals 11. Identifying funding requirements and preparing funding proposals

LFA Matrix – Governance (Logical Framework Approach) ELEMENT VERIFIABLE **MEANS OF RISKS**/ **INDICATOR** VERIFICATION ASSUMPTIONS 1. Main **Objectives** a) To develop an The policy Hard and softcopy Accepted and integrated, proper document is adopted by the document can be and effective developed government. forwarded to high level government national policy on lakes basin channel and adopted by the government development and management leading to formulation of legislation,

regulations and mandates.

LFA Matrix – Governance (2)

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE	MEANS OF	RISKS/
	INDICATOR	VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS
 2. Immediate Objectives a) To identify the related agencies involved, their functions in lakes development and management, existing rules and regulations pertaining to lakes; b) Set up a committee to coordinate the formulation of standards, policies, legislation and mandates. 	No. of related agencies and their functions identified, existing rules and regulations identified and a Committee set up	i. Documentation , reports, minutes of agencies in operation ii. No. of meetings and seminars	Agencies do not exist. Members have no commitment and do not attend meetings

LFA Matrix – Governance (3)

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE	MEANS OF	RISKS/
	INDICATOR	VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS
3.Expected Outputs a) Policies and legislation formulated and gazetted, published and enforced	Policies and legislation documented and enforced	Policy and legislation document ready	Risk of lack of manpower, Incompetence of enforcement

LFA Matrix – Governance (4)

ELEMENT	INPUTS/ STAKEHOLDERS	ESTIMATED BUDGET	ASSUMPTIONS
<u>4. Proposed Activities</u> a) Conference/ Seminar/Meetings for the related agencies.	a) EPU, Treasury, Law Department, Local council, NRE, TNB, DID and others including politicians	a) Total of RM 174,560	Not Available
 b) Prepare the policy document and TOR for legal drafting c) Presentation to forum on agreement and TOR to Commission on Legal drafting of laws on lakes, Steering Committee meeting, AG Chambers and adoption by state/federal 	b) Consultant hired to draftc) Finalized documents		

LFA Matrix – Capacity Building

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ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
 <i>1. Main</i> <i>Objectives</i> a) Build and strengthen capacity at all levels for sustainable lake basin management. 	Lakes Basins in Malaysia are well managed.	i. Good water quality ii. Optimum utilization of lake basin by the beneficiaries is reported.	i. Risk of continued sectoral conflicts ii. Assumption - existence of political will and institutional framework in place.

LFA Matrix – Capacity Building (2)

ELEMENT

VERIFIABLE INDICATOR VI

MEANS OF VERIFICATION

RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS

2. Immediate Objectives

a) Increase awareness on integrated Lakes Basin Management at all levels and increase/improve dissemination information and technologies. Stakeholders and lakes managers are well informed. Lake Basin Management Network formed between government, NGOs, private sectors and international agencies i. Increase in number of workshop, training programs, awareness campaigns an dialogues ii. Number of publications, books

iii. More projectcollaboration betweenagencies and LBM wellmanaged.

iv. Increase of capacity building programs.

i. Risk of lack of interest and funding by authorities. ii. Risk in lack of funding to carry out R&D and dissemination of knowledge. iii. No critical mass in lakes researchers. iv. Risk of bureaucratic and legislative inhibition. v. Risk that no/insufficient funding will result in no/poor quality program.

LFA Matrix – Capacity Building (3)

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
3.Expected Outputs			
a) Training Modules			
b) Publications,	a) Brochures on training and training	 a) Published brochures & 	a) Sufficient funds, resource persons and
c) Revised curricula,	module, Trained participants b) Brochures,	Module, Training report b) Printed and	target groups attend b) Sufficient funds and availability of
d) Panel/Comm.	electronic print media,	published brochures,	information
(Commission?) for Lake Basin	flyers, etc. c) Students at all	flyers, etc. c) Increase in number	 c) Ministry approval, well implemented at all
Management (LBM)	levels well informed about lakes and water	of well informed individuals	levels
	management.		d) Cabinet Approval for
	d) Formation of LBM	 d) Establishment of LBM body integrated at 	LBM panel (Commission?)
	panel	a cabinet level	formation.

LFA Matrix – Capacity Building (4)

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ELEMENT	INPUTS/ STAKEHOLDERS	ESTIMATED BUDGET	ASSUMPTIONS
 4. Proposed Activities a) Awareness programs (Workshop, training, courses, handouts, mass media) Target group: Civil society, politicians, NGO, Public and private sector. b) Dissemination of knowledge and information c) Re-evaluate curricula at all levels to include water resources, conservation and management issues d) Integration of cross- sectoral LBM 	 a) Resource persons, Water professionals/managers Venue, My CapNet, Agua Jaring b) Publications(mass media, books, journals and etc) c) Ministry of Education, Ministry of Higher Education d) All relevant agencies involved in LBM -Dialogues and workshop -Cabinet level committee 	a) RM50,000 /yr b) RM200,000/yr c) Gratis d) RM100,000	 a) Funding available Fully sponsored Interested target group b) Availability of knowledge and information c) Cabinet approval d) Acceptance or agreed by all agencies involved.

LFA Matrix – Research Needs

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE	MEANS OF	RISKS/
	INDICATOR	VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS
<i>1. Main Objectives</i> a) Enhancement of Integrated Lake R&D activities towards sustainable management of resources for the betterment of the society	Formulation of research policy for Integrated Lake Research and Development towards lake basin sustainable management	i. Policy documents for integrated research ii. No. of integrated research projects	Not available

LFA Matrix – Research Needs (2a)

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ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
 2. Immediate Objectives a) To enhance coordination for integrated lake research b) To improve the funding mechanism and quantum for effective lake R & D 	 a) National lake experts committee b) Incorporation of lake research in Malaysian Development Plan and national budget allocation; Increase contribution from corporate sectors 	 a) Frequency of meeting/report b) No./ amount of grants, and No. of research projects 	a) Risks in lack of commitment & will b) Economic downturn and natural disaster

LFA Matrix – Research Needs (2b)

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ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
2. Immediate Objectives(Cont) c) To enhance specialized expertise d) To enhance the dissemination mechanism of research findings especially to policy makers	c) Intensification and diversification of research componentd) Establishment of national repository	c) No. of experts in respective field & No. of research/ findings/ papers/ publications d) No. of materials, researches & uses	c) Lack of funding d) Lack of fund and commitment

LFA Matrix – Research Needs (3a)

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
3.Expected Outputs			
a) National lake expert committee	a) Formulation of policy, guideline/procedures for integrated lake R	a) Documents published	a)Will power commitment from top management
 b) Establishment of lake funding management body 	& D b)Fund acquired	b) No. of funded research	b) Funding provided

LFA Matrix – Research Needs (3b)

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
<u>3.Expected</u> <u>Outputs(Cont)</u> c) More specialized research activities & findings	c) High impact outcome	c) No. of publications, technologies made available and products d) Increased	 c) Risk of no donor sponsors & Economic downturn d) Risk of lack of
d) Highly informed decisions	d) Good governance & management	number. of well- managed lake basin	will & poor implementation

LFA Matrix – Research Needs (4a)

ELEMENT	INPUTS/ STAKEHOLDERS	ESTIMATED BUDGET	ASSUMPTIONS
 i. Preparation of concept paper ii. Establishment of taskforce iii. Identify & evaluation of experts iv. Selection of committee members v. Approval from government for- concept papers, appointment of national expert lake committee, & lake funding body 	a) i. Consultants, 6 meetings 2 workshops ii. Consultants, 6 meetings 2 workshops iii. Taskforce, 2 meetings iv. Taskforce, 2 meetings v. Secretariat (NAHRIM)	a) RM300,000	a) Federal Fund (NRE) made available and a Central Agency to obtain and manage research funds

LFA Matrix – Research Needs (4b)

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ELEMENT	INPUTS/ STAKEHOLDERS	ESTIMATED BUDGET	ASSUMPTIONS
 <u>4. Proposed</u> <u>Activities(Contd.)</u> b) Establishment of taskforce for research activities Determination of research program 	 b) i. NAHRIM, meeting ii. Universities, research institutions & managers (stakeholders), meeting , workshop 	b) M300,000	b) Federal Fund (NRE) made available and a Central Agency to obtain and manage research funds
iii. Research proposaliv. Funding acquisitionv. Research activities	iii. Researchers, universities iv. Researchers v. Researchers) } RM20 million, 5 years) 3 basins	

LFA Matrix – Lake Management

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE	MEANS OF	RISKS/	
	INDICATOR	VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS	
 <i>1. Main</i> <i>Objectives</i> a) To develop a Lake Management Plan for all lakes in Malaysia 	 a) One Management team for one lake b) One management plan for one lake 	 a) Database / authorities b) Published the management plan c) Distributed to each responsible agency 	 a) Sufficient funding , Knowledge/ expertise, b) Integration and cooperation among Federal-State Governments 	

LFA Matrix – Lake Management (2a)

and the second se			
ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
2. Immediate Objectives a) To develop National Management Guidelines for all lakes	a) One guideline for all lakes	a) Published and distributed guidelines	Under Ministry, Sufficient funding

LFA Matrix – Lake Management (3a)

	ELEMENT		RIFIABLE		MEANS OF RIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
<u>3.Ex</u> a) b) c)	xpected Outputs	a) b)	Formulation of policy, guideline/pr ocedures for integrated lake R & D Fund acquired	a) b) c) d)	Results of Water Quality Monitoring (Reports) Results of Diversity Index, No illegal activities such as fishing, More funds and cooperation,	By laws in place, Sufficient funding, Commitments and participation of all involved agencies or stakeholders <u>Risk :</u> Lack of interest and commitment

LFA Matrix – Lake Management (3b)

ELEN	ЛЕМТ	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
 d) Increase pote Eco- Prog More recrease active intro f) Zero poace 	puts(C) eased ential for tourism ramme, e eational vities are oduced		d) Amounts of funds spent	

LFA Matrix – Lake Management (3c)

	ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
<u>3.</u> E g) h)	xpected Outputs(C ont) Stakeholder s and public participation Establishme nt and allocation of funds (Eg: RM9) Established a Strategic Plan			

LFA Matrix – Lake Management (4a)

A CONTRACTOR OF		Contraction of the local division of the				
	ELEMENT	ST	INPUTS/ AKEHOLDERS		TIMATED SUDGET	ASSUMPTIONS
a) b)	Proposed Activities Training of managers and technicians <i>(To establish and strengthen the knowledge and skills in lake management)</i> Engage consultant <i>(To develop Management Plan)</i>	a)	Target groups (Managers & technicians in lakes management agencies/ ministry/develop ers)	a) b)	400,000/t raining/ year 2 Million	Sufficient funding, Venue and man- power are available
c) d)	Habitat Creation <i>(To</i> <i>recreate natural</i> <i>habitats of lakes)</i> Management Measures/ Interference <i>(To</i> <i>satisfy the lake owners</i> <i>requirements)</i>	b) c)	Local or foreign consultant Input: Cooperation and MOU between stakeholders	c) d)	100, 000 /lake/yea r 2 Million /lake/yea r	

LFA Matrix – Lake Management (4b)

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ELEMENT	INPUTS/ STAKEHOLDERS	ESTIMATED BUDGET	ASSUMPTIONS
locations for the 2 years of early implementation of Management Plan <i>(To evaluate and assess the weaknesses in draft lake management</i>	d) Input: Cooperation and MOU Marketing, Venue (All over Malaysia- around 10 locations), Costing, Secretariat (NAHRIM/ASM) Target group (Public)	e) 20,000/ro ad show/ location	b) Federal Fund (NRE) made available and a Central Agency to obtain and manage research funds

LFA Matrix – Lake Management (4c)

			and the second	the second se
	ELEMENT	INPUTS/ STAKEHOLDERS	ESTIMATED BUDGET	ASSUMPTIONS
<u>4.</u> P f) g)	Activities (Contd. Activities (Contd.) Workshops (To evaluate and assess the weaknesses in draft lake management plans) Seminars (To evaluate and assess the weaknesses in draft lake management plans)	planners and implementers) Secretariat - NAHRIM/AS - Target group	 f) 30,000/w orkshops g) 50,000/se minar 	b) Federal Fund (NRE) made available and a Central Agency to obtain and manage research funds

LFA Matrix – Stakeholder Participation

ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE	MEANS OF	RISKS/
	INDICATOR	VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS
1. Main Objectives a) To enhance stakeholder awareness and knowledge in lake management and development with participatory approach as guiding principles	a) No. of training, education, campaigns and various awareness activities carried out	a) Documentation of the training and various awareness activities	a) Documentation of the training and various awareness activities

LFA Matrix – Stakeholder Participation (2)

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ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
effective empowerment to	a) No. of direct contact stakeholder carried out. No. of conflict recorded and resolved	a) Documentation of all awareness campaign and conflict	a) Lack of Participation. Lack of support

LFA Matrix – Stakeholder Participation (3)

		the second se	
ELEMENT	VERIFIABLE INDICATOR	MEANS OF VERIFICATION	RISKS/ ASSUMPTIONS
3.Expected Outputs a) Quality of the natural lake improved Improvement of the lake ecosystem	a) Quality of stakeholder life improve	a) Sampling of fish, water quality monitoring, gross domestic happiness index, satisfaction	a) Improve quality of life. Lack of sustainability

LFA Matrix – Stakeholder Participation (4)

		and the second se
ELEMENT STA	INPUTS/ ESTIMATED KEHOLDERS BUDGET	D ASSUMPTIONS
survey of stakeholder living near degraded lake, choose a pilot site, formatting a committee to write the TOR and choose the site - Carry out needs assessment survey - Cons	levant agencies and - 200 x 1 day @ R	M